Salary *and* Tax

TAKE-HOME PAY STATEMENT

Tax year **2026**
Amounts **per year**

Prepared for an employee earning **$90,000** *a year in* **British Columbia**.

INCOME

Gross pay Your salary before any deductions — $90,000 a year, the number on your offer letter.	**$90,000**

PAYROLL PROGRAMS — taken before income tax

CPP — Canada Pension Plan 5.95% of earnings between $3,500 and $74,600. Its enhanced slice is deductible, which lowers your taxable income below.	− $4,230
CPP2 — second-tier pension 4% of earnings between $74,600 and $85,000. Fully deductible.	− $416
EI — Employment Insurance 1.63% of earnings up to $68,900. Funds job-loss, parental and sickness benefits.	− $1,123

INCOME TAX

Taxable income Gross minus the deductible part of CPP. Income tax is worked out on this, not on your gross.	$88,873
Federal income tax Charged in layers from 14% up to the 20.5% band your income reaches, less credits for the basic personal amount, CPP, EI and the Canada employment amount.	− $11,252
British Columbia income tax British Columbia brackets from 5.6%, less credits for the basic personal amount, CPP and EI.	− $4,786

TOTAL

Total deductions Everything taken off the top: income tax, CPP and EI.	**− $21,807**

NET TAKE-HOME PAY

$68,193

per year · 75.8% of your gross stays with you

KEEPS 76%

FIGURE 1

How your income tax was built

FEDERAL BRACKETS

$11,252 federal tax per year



BRITISH COLUMBIA BRACKETS

$4,786 provincial tax per year



Each band taxes only the income that falls inside it. The marker is where your taxable income reaches — everything to its left was taxed at the lower bands first, which is why your effective rate is well below your top bracket. Bars show tax before credits.

SCHEDULE A

What lands each payday

PAY FREQUENCY	GROSS	DEDUCTIONS	TAKE-HOME
Weekly	$1,730.77	$419.36	**$1,311.41**
Bi-weekly	$3,461.54	$838.72	**$2,622.82**
Semi-monthly	$3,750.00	$908.61	**$2,841.39**
Monthly	$7,500.00	$1,817.22	**$5,682.78**
Yearly	$90,000.00	$21,806.64	**$68,193.36**

EFFECTIVE TAX RATE

17.8%

The share of your whole income that goes to income tax — your true average.

TRUE MARGINAL RATE

28.2%

What your next $100 loses to tax, CPP and EI. On your next $1,000 raise you'd keep about $718 — a raise never lowers your take-home.

Employment income only, single filer resident in British Columbia on Dec 31, 2026. Basic credits only (no RRSP, dependant or tuition). Validated against TaxTips.ca and Wealthsimple, October 2026. An estimate, not tax advice.

Sources: CRA tax rates · CRA payroll deductions tables · Adjust these numbers: salaryandtax.ca/?income=90000&province=bc